

CPB Netherlands Bureau for Economic Policy Analysis

Economic assessment of Dutch climate-change package

Wim Suyker 10 May 2019

AIECE Working Group on longer-term issues and structural change



2015 Paris Agreement





February 2018: start negotiations Dutch climate deal













Mobility -7.3

Houses -3.4

Electricity -20.2

Industry Ag -14.3

Agriculture -3.5



100 parties involved in negotiations







December 2018: draft Climate agreement



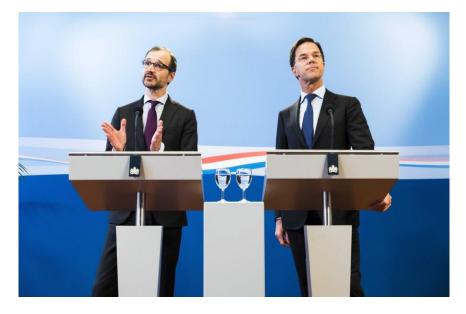
- Government asks PBL and CPB to assess draft agreement
- PBL = PBL Netherlands Environmental Assessment Agency
- CPB = CPB Netherlands Bureau for Economic Policy Analysis
- PBL: CO2 reduction?
- CPB: budgetary impact. income effects by type of households?



March 2019: Assessment PBL & CPB

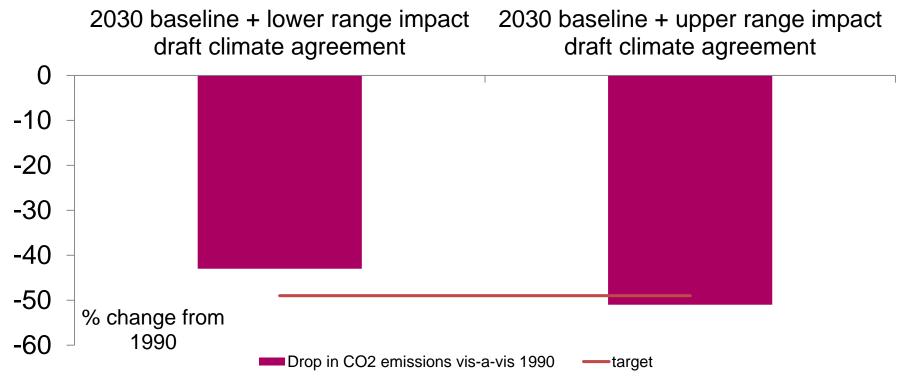
+ reaction government





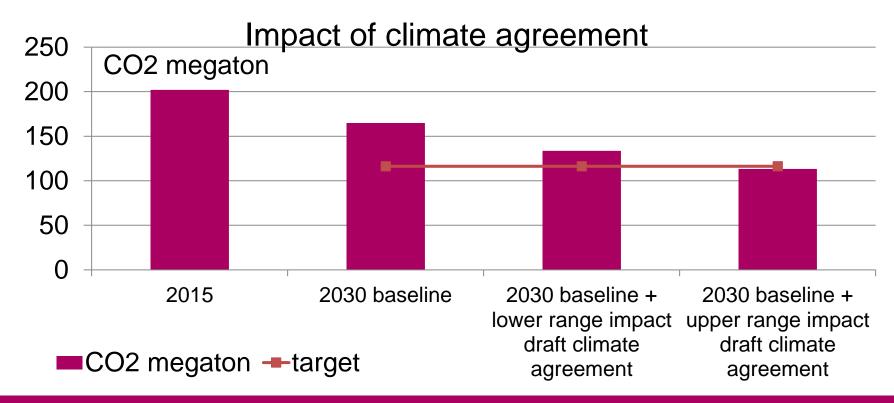


PBL: draft agreement probably insufficient





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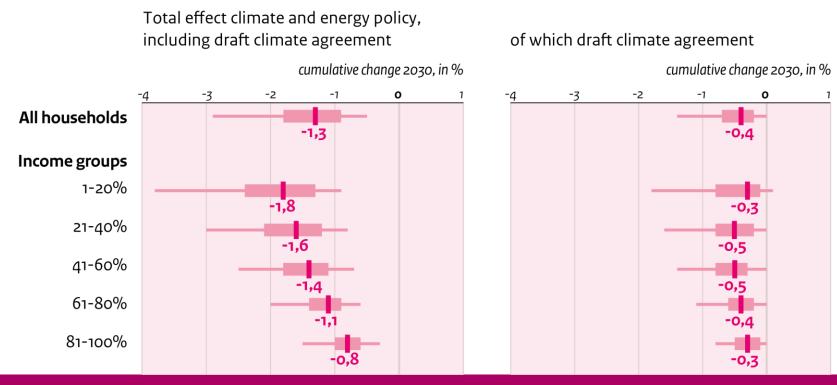


CPB: budgetary impact in 2030 (ex ante)

	Total climate and energy policy	of which draft climate agreement
	% gdp in 2030 (in 2018 prices)	
Government outlays	0.5	0.2
Tax burden	0.6	0.1
Households	0.3	0.0
Firms	0.2	0.1
Non-tax burden (obligations etc)	0.2	0.1
Households	0.0	0.0
Firms	0.1	0.1



Income effects 2030 - Static

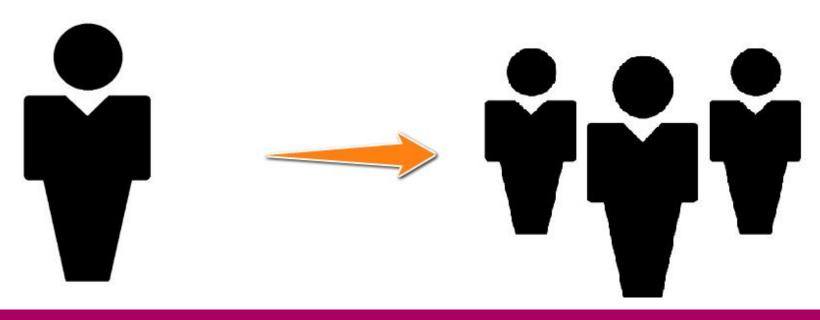




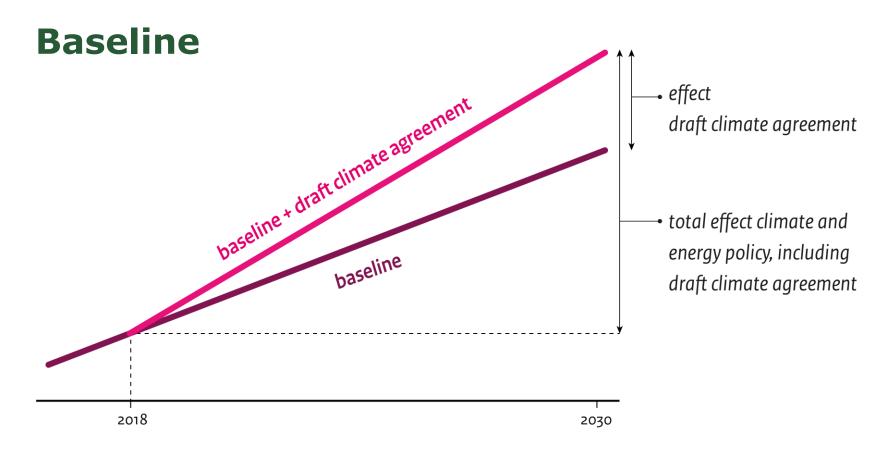
Methodological remarks

Relevant for CPB/NL

General interest









Models required

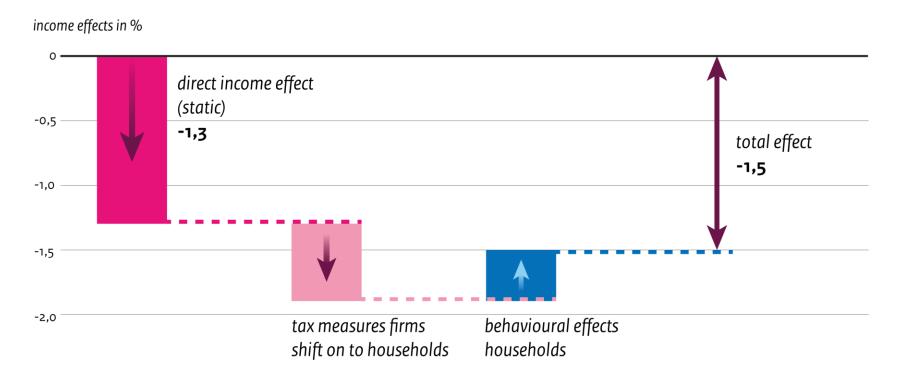
 General equilibrium model (for shifts between sectors and shifts between countries) Microsimulation model (income effects by income group)

CPB: Worldscan

• CPB: Mimosi



Overall income effects





What's next?

