

Italy's Outlook

AIECE Meeting

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Brussels, November 2022

Agenda

A. The Italian economy after the Covid19 crisisB. The Ukraine-energy crisisC. Outlook



Italy's economy through the Covid-19 crisis

2020: deep contraction of GDP due to the pandemic

2021: recovery driven by...

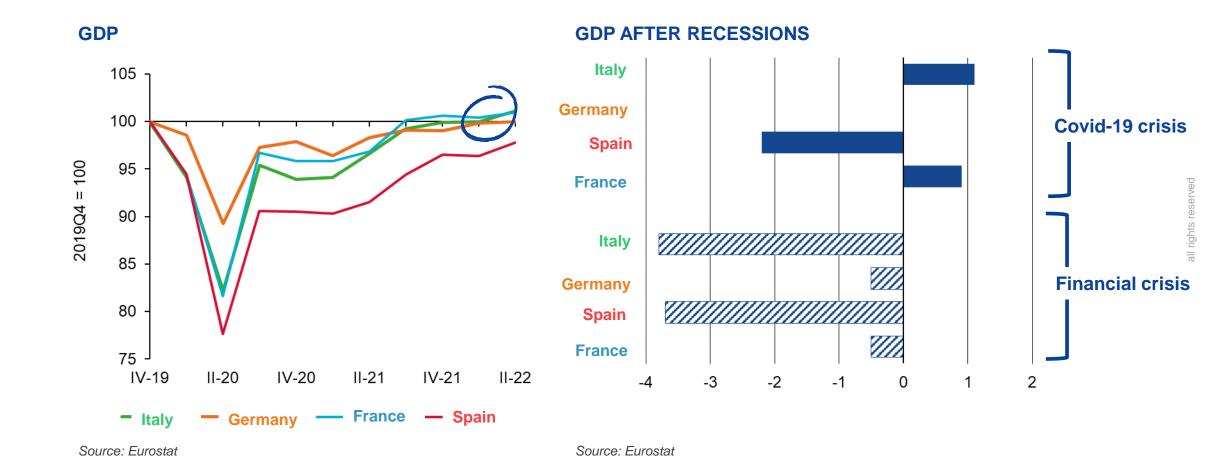
...the easing of restrictions allowed by the mass vaccination campaign...

... and huge fiscal measures

Q4-21: slowdown in activity caused by new pandemic waves, strong increases in energy price and some global value chain disruptions

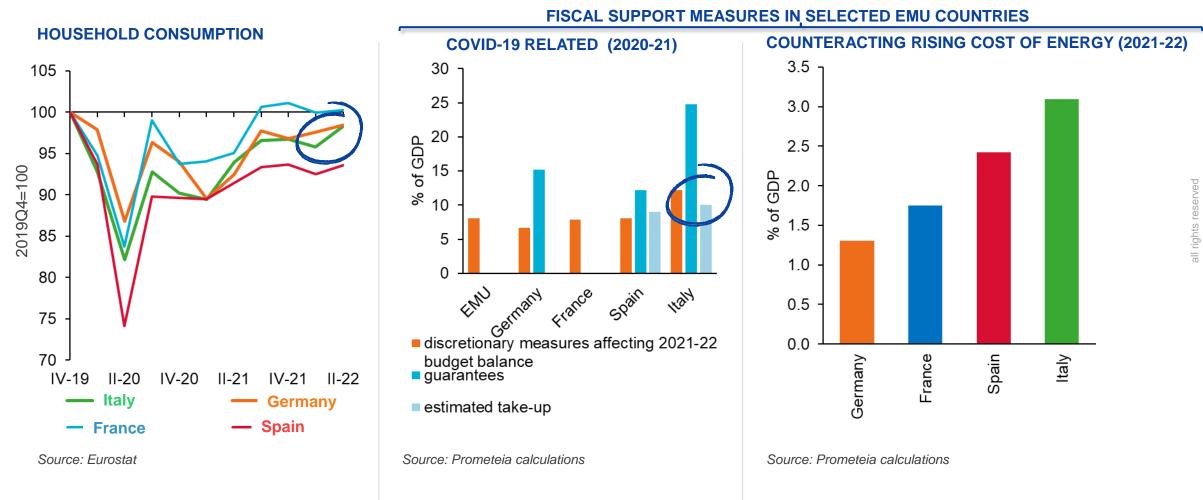


Covid-19: Italy more hit but proved to be resilient ...



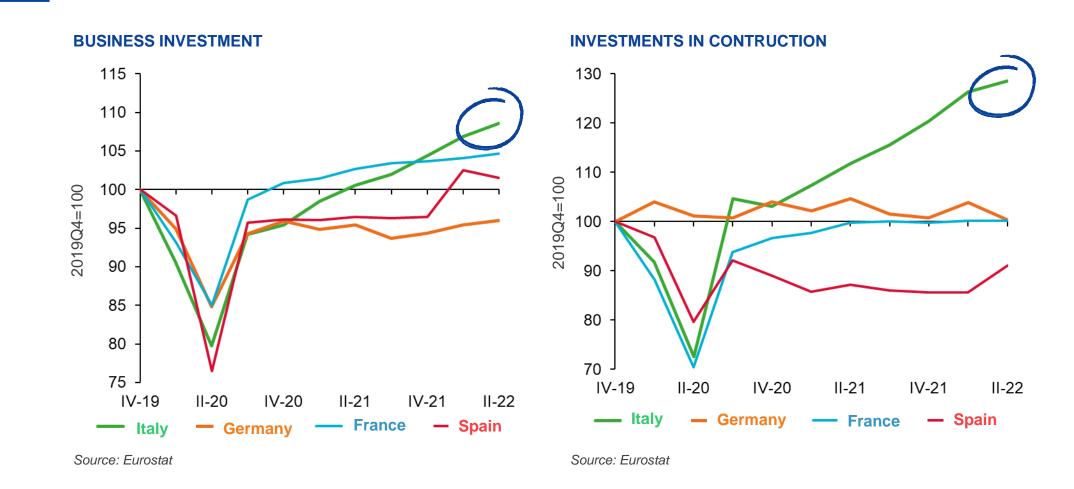


... also with the help of fiscal policy...





... that supported private investments...

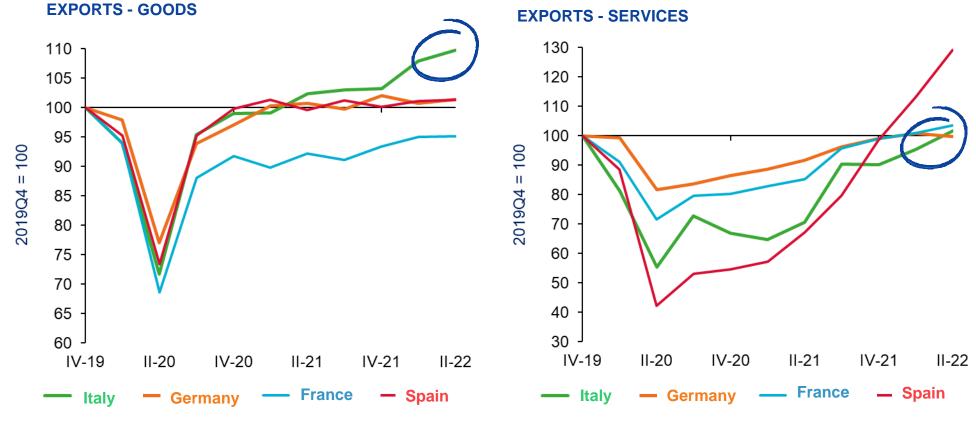


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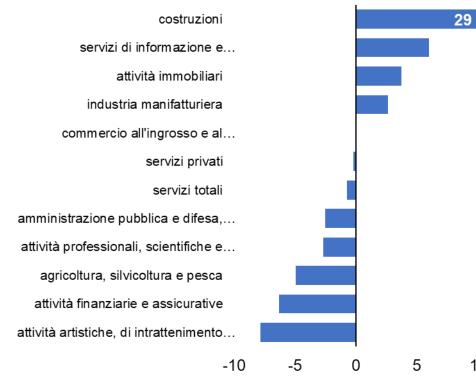
Source: Eurostat

Source: Eurostat



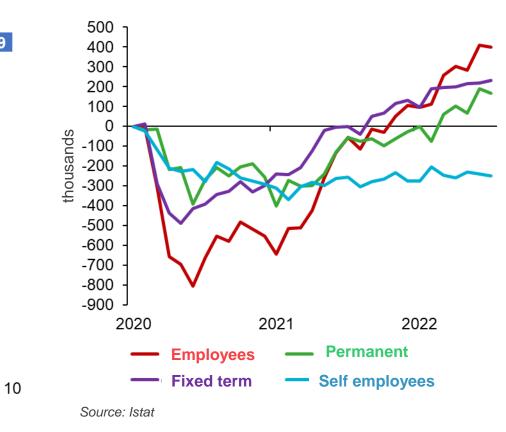
Nevertheless, many scars still remained at the onset of the gas crisis

SECTORAL VALUE ADDED – GAP COMPARED TO PRE-COVID Q2-2022 vs Q4-2019, %



EMPLOYMENT,

Differences compared to January 2020, latest data July 2022



Source: Istat

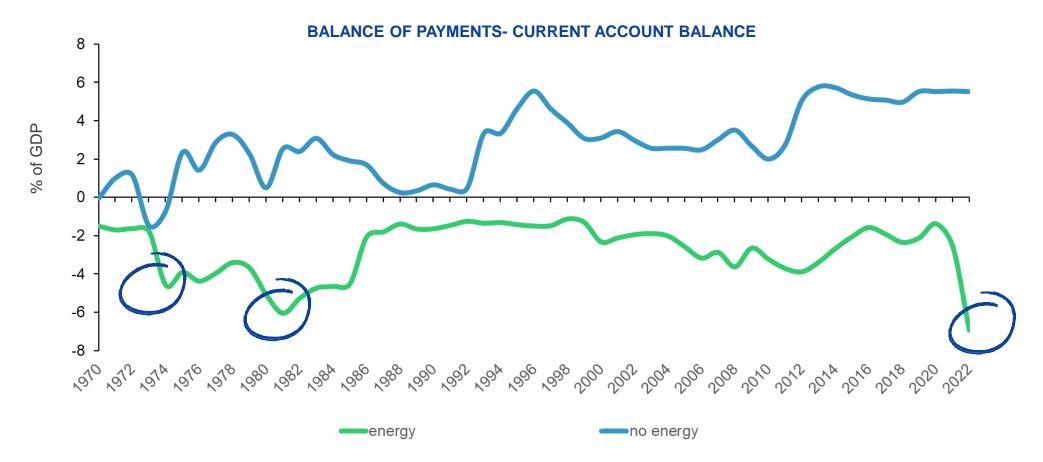


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The war and energy prices have dramatically changed the outlook: an energy crisis comparable to 73-80 but the Italian economy is now more robust



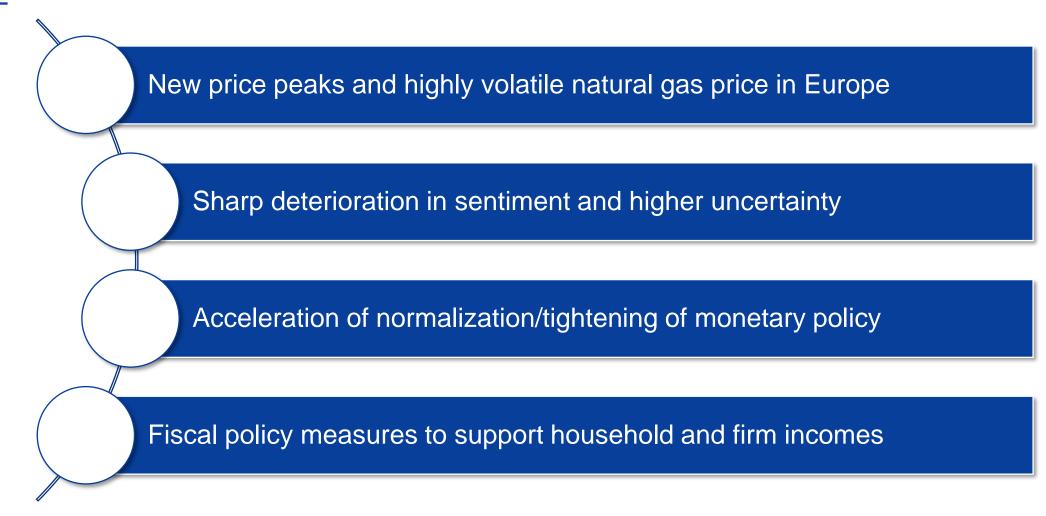


Source: Prometeia calculations on Bank of Italy and Istat data

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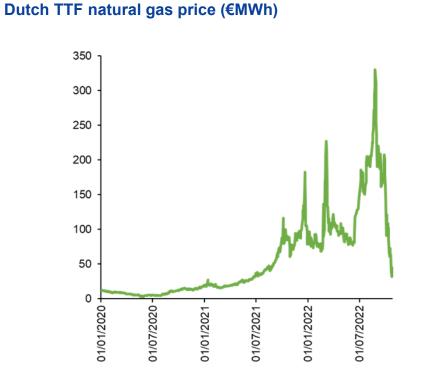
The Ukraine-energy crisis

Impact of the war on Italy's economy

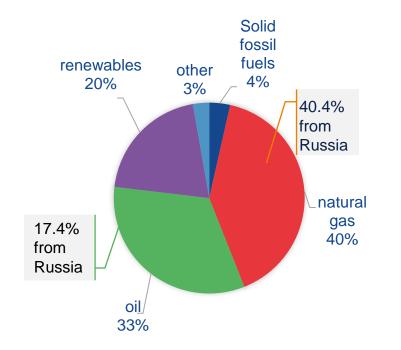




Gas price and Italy's energy mix



Italy's energy mix in 2020



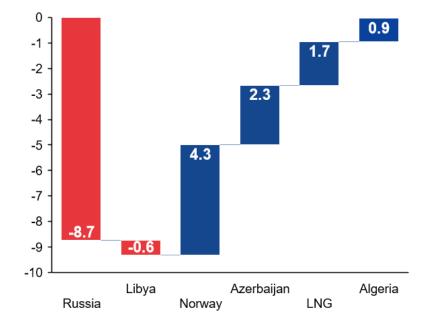
Source: Prometeia's calculations on Eurostat data

Source: Refinitiv



Gas imports from Russia offset for now, but next winter demand reductions will be needed

HOW ITALY OFFSET RUSSIAN GAS, JAN – AUG 2022 billion cubic metres (bcm)



Source: Prometeia elaboration on data from SNAM

ITALIAN PLAN FOR 15% REDUCTION IN THE GAS CONSUMPTION AUG 1, 2022 – MAR 31, 2023 billion cubic metres (bcm)

a) Power generation	 + coal + biofuels 	1) 1.8 2) 0.3
b) Heating	 Buildings (19°C +/- 2°C) Public and commercial activities (17°C +/- 2°C) 	1) 2.7 2) 0.5
	Total a+b	5.3
c) Behavioural policies	 Zero cost Up-front investment 	1) 2.7 2) 0.2
	Totale a+b+c	8.2

Source: Ministero della Transizione Ecologica



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Source: Prometeia forecast on data from SNAM

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Source: Prometeia forecast on RFV Natural Gas TTF NL 1st Fut. Day

Q4-2023

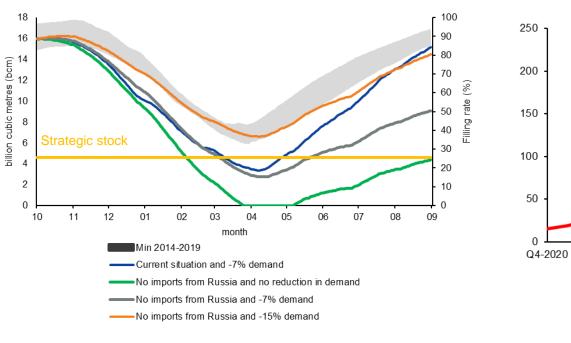
Q3-2024

Q2-2025

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Gas: our assumptions

SCENARIOS FOR THE GAS STORAGE OF ITALY, OCT 2022 – AUG 2023 billion cubic metres (bcm) and filling rate (%)





Q3-2021

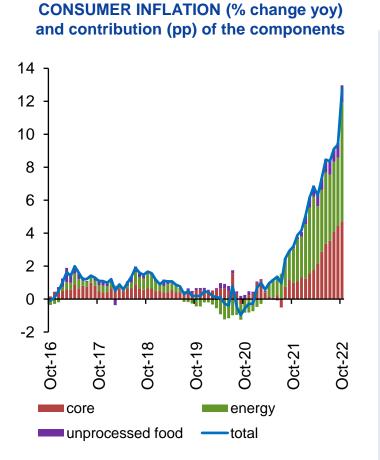
Q2-2022

Q1-2023

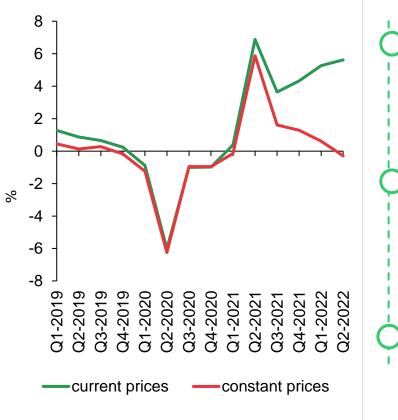
quarter

Inflation and the greatest cost-of living loss in decades

Italy's inflation reaches an all-time high since the late 1980s reducing households' purchasing power



HOUSEHOLD DISPOSABLE INCOME



Source: Prometeia's forecast on Refinitiv data.

In October, the HCPI increased by 12.6% yoy, a new record (11.8% CPI)

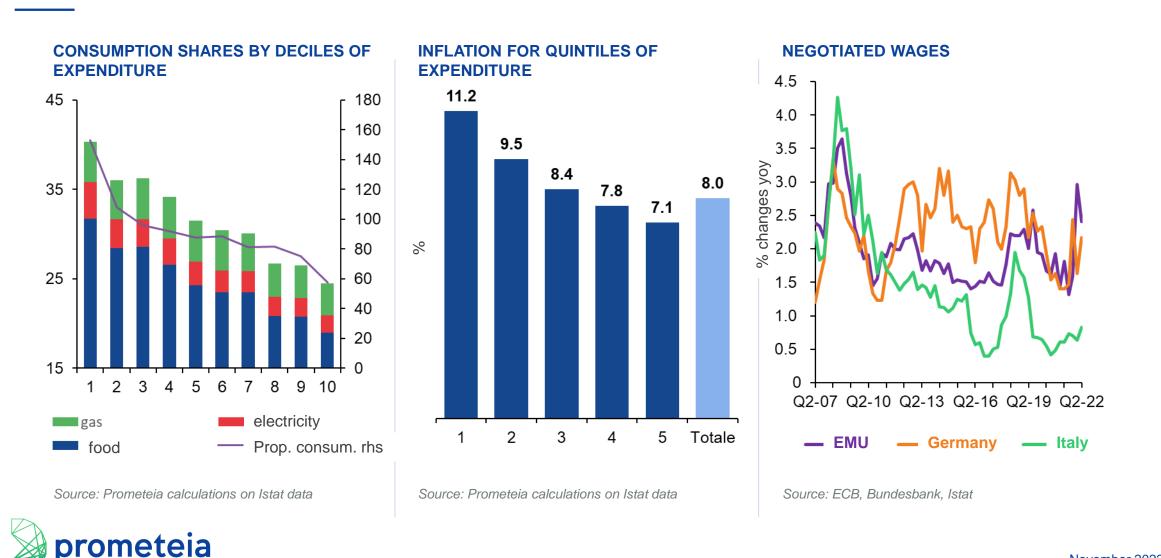
Higher energy and food prices (mainly as a result of the war in Ukraine) feeding into other goods and services prices

Strong impact of inflation on household real disposable income

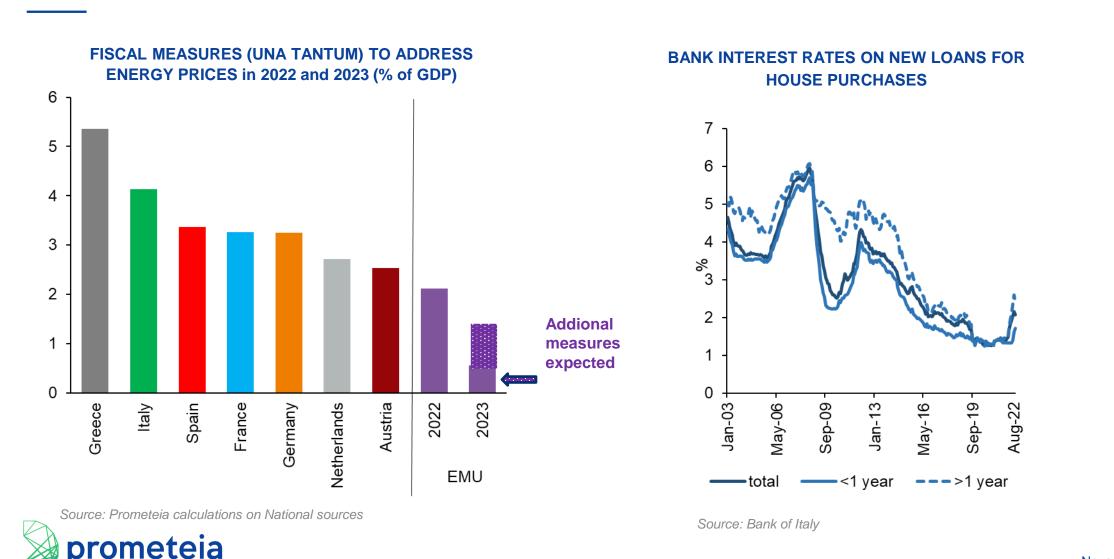


Source: Prometeia's forecast on Refinitiv data.

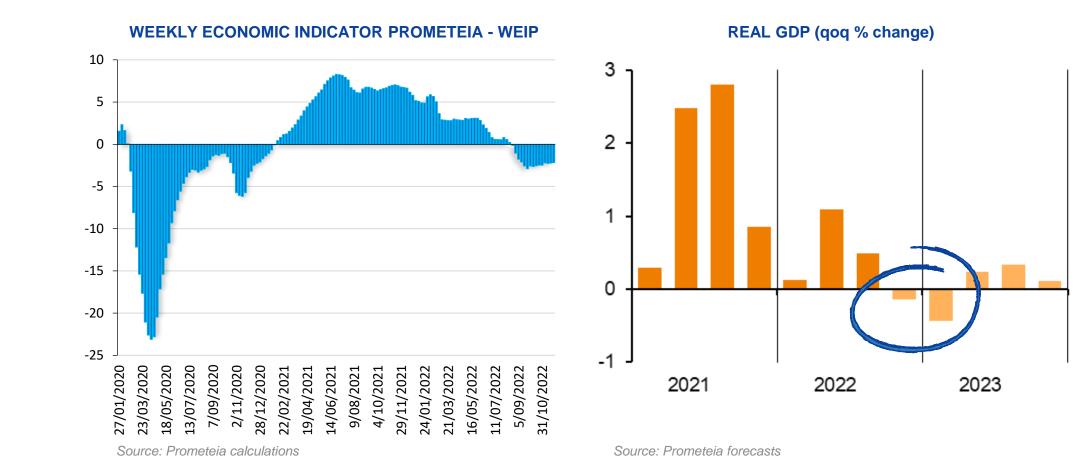
But with wages growing slowly, risks for low-income households



Fiscal policy reaction while ECB hikes are feeding into banking interest rates



Mild recession during the winter





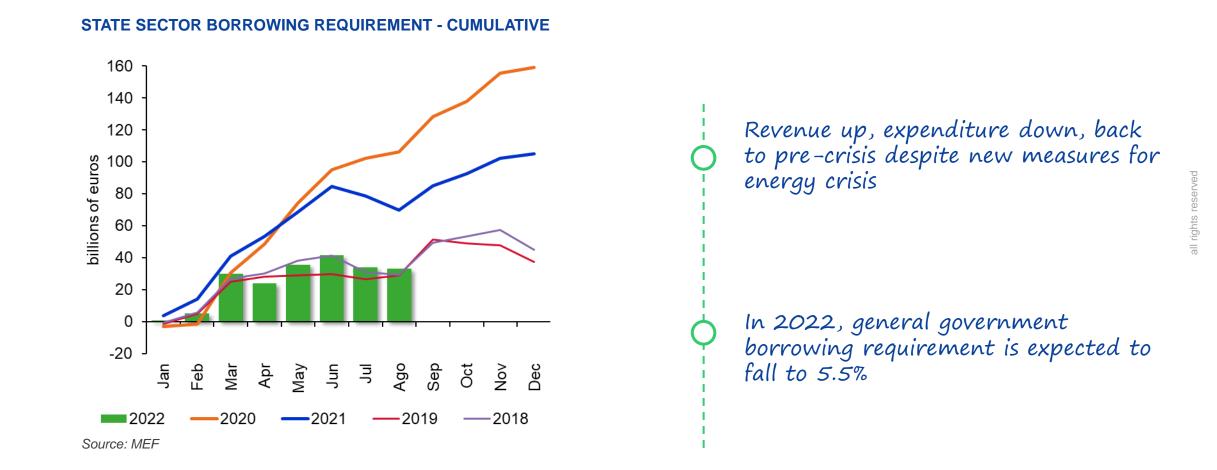
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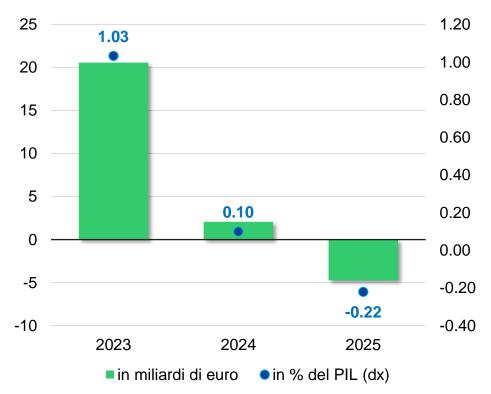


Public finance is in a «safe» zone





The new government budgetary policy



GENERAL GOVERNMENT CHANGE IN BORROWING REQUIREMENT

Fonte: DPB 2023, MEF

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Prudent?: Consistently with the targets, net expansionary effect of 1pp of GDP. In 2024 the net impact neutral (0.1pp of GDP) and restrictive in 2024

Stance? Expansionary measures mainly temporary, they are mostly extensions of already active measures, should be refinanced in spring

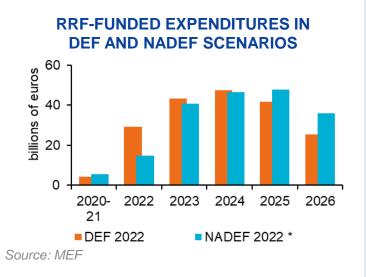
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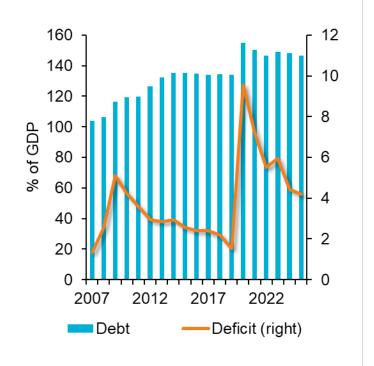
The role of the RRP will be crucial also because from 2023 debt repayment will be hampered by rising interest rates

FUNDING FOR ITALY' RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE PLAN 2021-2026

► €14.4 bn React-EU

➤ € 30.6 bn National Complementary Fund





GENERAL GOVERNMENT DEFICIT AND DEBT

Source: Prometeia forecasts

RRP: milestons reached, implementation phase at risk for inflation shock

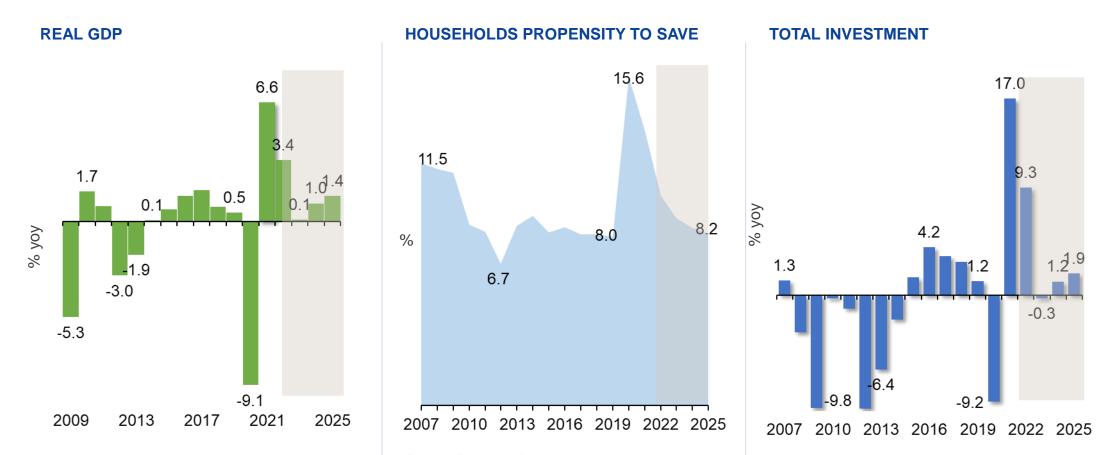
Cautious approach: slower implementation

All in all, the RRP contribution to growth will be substancial

Deficit is expected to decrease, slowly, but debt will remain quite high, because its increasing cost

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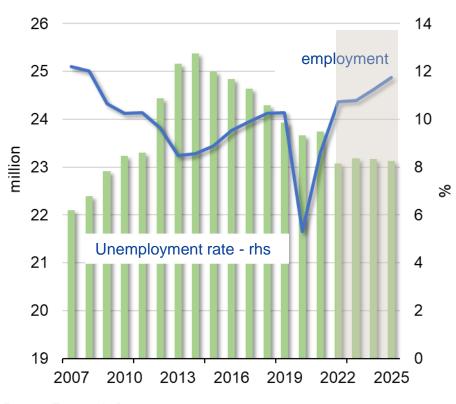
Outlook in summary







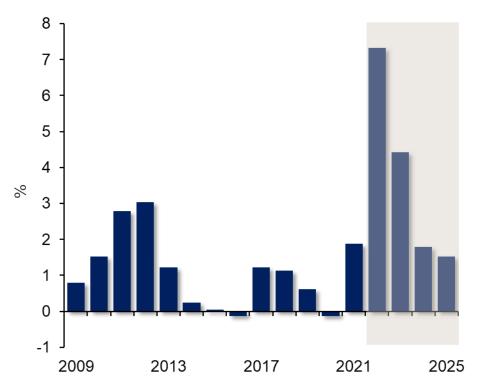
Outlook in summary



LABOUR MARKET

Source: Prometeia forecasts

CONSUMER PRICE INFLATION



Source: Prometeia forecasts



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